

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide)

Safety Data Sheet P-4633

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

Date of issue: 01/01/1979 Revision date: 10/21/2016 Supersedes: 01/07/2016

SECTION 1: Product and company identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
 Name : Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide)
 CAS No : 10102-44-0
 Formula : NO₂
 Other means of identification : Nitrito, Nitrogen oxide, Nitrogen peroxide, nitrogen tetroxide, NTO, red oxide of nitrogen

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Industrial use. Use as directed.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Medical Testing Solutions
 20283 SR 7 #300, Boca Raton, FL 33498
www.medicaltestingsolutions.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (954) 603-9046

We are available Monday to Friday, 9:00 A.M -5:00 P.M.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Ox. Gas 1 H270
 Liquefied gas H280
 Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:gas) H330
 Skin Corr. 1B H314
 Eye Dam. 1 H318

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS03

GHS04

GHS05

GHS06

Signal word (GHS-US) :

DANGER

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H270 - MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER
 H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED
 H314 - CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE
 H318 - CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE
 H330 - FATAL IF INHALED

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/.../combustible materials
 P244 - Keep reduction valves/valves and fittings free from oil and grease
 P260 - Do not breathe gas/vapors
 P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling
 P271 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
 P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
 P284 - [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection



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P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician
P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see First aid measures on this label)
P321 - Specific treatment (see First aid measures on this label)
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P370+P376 - In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so
P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up
P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with container Supplier/owner instructions

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : None.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Name : Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide)
CAS No : 10102-44-0

Name	Product identifier	%
Nitrogen dioxide	(CAS No) 10102-44-0	>= 99
Nitrogen tetroxide	(CAS No) 10544-72-6	<= 1

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician. . WARNING: To avoid possible chemical burns, the rescuer should avoid breathing any exhaled air from the victim.

First-aid measures after skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush affected areas with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated shoes. The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an ophthalmologist immediately.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No additional information available

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

CONTACT WITH THIS PRODUCT REQUIRES IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION! Symptoms may be delayed. Seek medical attention even if no symptoms are present.



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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Oxidizing agent; vigorously accelerates combustion. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion.

Explosion hazard : Heating may cause an explosion. PRESSURIZED CONTAINER: MAY BURST IF HEATED.

Reactivity : Cylinders are **NOT** equipped with a pressure relief valve. MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : **DANGER: Toxic, oxidizing, corrosive liquid and gas under pressure.**

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L—Fire Protection.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems

Stop flow of product if safe to do so

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

Other information : Cylinders are **NOT** equipped with a pressure relief valve.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : **DANGER: Toxic, oxidizing, corrosive liquid and gas under pressure.** Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Do not approach area without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. If cylinders are leaking, reduce toxic vapors with water spray or fog. Reverse flow into cylinder may cause rupture. (See section 16.) Shut off flow if without risk. Ventilate area or move cylinder to a well-ventilated area.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Try to stop release. Reduce vapor with fog or fine water spray. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also sections 8 and 13.



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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not breathe gas/vapor. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Avoid oil, grease and all other combustible materials

Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g. NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	0.2 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	9 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	20 ppm
Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	0.2 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	9 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	5 ppm



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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only in a closed system. A corrosion-resistant, forced-draft fume hood is preferred. LOCAL EXHAUST: A corrosion-resistant system is acceptable. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
Eye protection	: Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers. Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.
Skin and body protection	: Wear metatarsal shoes and work gloves for cylinder handling, and protective clothing where needed. Wear appropriate chemical gloves during cylinder changeout or wherever contact with product is possible. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Other information	: Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use. Consider the use of flame resistant safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Gas
Molecular mass	: 46 g/mol
Color	: Brownish gas.
Odor	: Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Pungent.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -11.2 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 21.2 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Critical temperature	: 158.2 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 100 kPa
Critical pressure	: 10100 kPa
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 1.4
Relative gas density	: 2.8
Solubility	: Water: No data available
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: Oxidizer.



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Explosion limits : Non flammable.

9.2. Other information

Gas group : Liquefied gas

Additional information : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Cylinders are **NOT** equipped with a pressure relief valve. MAY CAUSE OR INTENSIFY FIRE; OXIDIZER.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May explode on contact with: Incompatible materials.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

High temperature.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Water. Reacts with water to form corrosive acids. Nitric acid. Nitric oxide. With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals. Bases. Aluminum. **May explode on contact with:** Ammonia. Boron trichloride. Carbon disulfide. Cyclohexane. Fluorine. Formaldehyde. Nitrobenzene. Toluene. Propylene. Alcohols. Ozone. incompletely halogenated hydrocarbons.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

At high temperatures : Above 160°C (320°F). Nitric oxide. Oxygen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Inhalation:gas: FATAL IF INHALED.

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (f)10102-44-0	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	57.5 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	57.500 ppmV/4h
Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	57.5 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	57.500 ppmV/4h
Nitrogen tetroxide (10544-72-6)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	57.5 ppm/4h
ATE US (gases)	57.500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.500 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.050 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : CAUSES SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE.

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified



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Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No data available. No known ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)	
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)	
Log Pow	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Nitrogen tetroxide (10544-72-6)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)	
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.
Effect on ozone layer : None
Effect on the global warming : No known effects from this product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Regional legislation (waste) : U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation & Recovery Act) - Hazardous Constituents - Appendix VIII to 40 CFR 261. U.S. - RCRA (Resource Conservation & Recovery Act) - P Series Wastes - Acutely Toxic Wastes.
Waste disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT
Transport document description : UN1067 Dinitrogen tetroxide, 2.3
UN-No.(DOT) : UN1067
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Dinitrogen tetroxide
Class (DOT) : 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Poisonous gas 49 CFR 173.115

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Hazard labels (DOT) : 2.3 - Poison gas
5.1 - Oxidizer
8 - Corrosive



DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 1 - This material is poisonous by inhalation (see 171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone A (see 173.116(a) or 173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter
B7 - Safety relief devices are not authorized on multi-unit tank car tanks. Openings for safety relief devices on multi-unit tank car tanks shall be plugged or blank flanged
B14 - Each bulk packaging, except a tank car or a multi-unit-tank car tank, must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 C (60 F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials must not promote corrosion to steel when wet
B45 - Each tank must have a reclosing combination pressure relief device equipped with stainless steel or platinum rupture discs approved by the AAR Tank Car Committee
B46 - The detachable protective housing for the loading and unloading valves of multi-unit tank car tanks must withstand tank test pressure and must be approved by the Associate Administrator
B61 - Written procedures covering details of tank car appurtenances, dome fittings, safety devices, and marking, loading, handling, inspection, and testing practices must be approved by the Associate Administrator before any single unit tank car tank is offered for transportation
B66 - Each tank must be equipped with gas tight valve protection caps. Outage must be sufficient to prevent tanks from becoming liquid full at 55 C (130 F). Specification 110A500W tanks must be stainless steel
B67 - All valves and fittings must be protected by a securely attached cover made of metal not subject to deterioration by the lading, and all valve openings, except safety valve, must be fitted with screw plugs or caps to prevent leakage in the event of valve failure
B77 - Other packaging are authorized when approved by the Associate Administrator
T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter
TP21 - The wall thickness must not be less than 8 mm. Portable tanks must be hydraulically tested and internally inspected at intervals not exceeding 2.5 years

Additional information

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 124
Other information : No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions : Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers:
- Ensure there is adequate ventilation. - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. - Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1067
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : DINITROGEN TETROXIDE (NITROGEN DIOXIDE)
Class (IMDG) : 2.3 - Toxic gases
Subsidiary risks (IMDG) : 5.1, 8

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1067
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Nitrogen dioxide
Class (IATA) : 2.3 - Gases : toxic
Subsidiary risk (IATA) : 5.1, 8



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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on the United States SARA Section 302

CERCLA RQ	10 lb releases to the air in amounts <1000 pounds per 24 hours which are the result of combustion and combustion-related activities are exempt from the notification requirements per 40 CFR 302.6
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SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb
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SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard Fire hazard
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Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on the United States SARA Section 302

CERCLA RQ	10 lb releases to the air in amounts <1000 pounds per 24 hours which are the result of combustion and combustion-related activities are exempt from the notification requirements per 40 CFR 302.6
-----------	--

SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb
--	--------

Nitrogen tetroxide (10544-72-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

CERCLA RQ	10 lb listed under Nitrogen oxide NO2
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15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide) (10102-44-0)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)



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Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
 Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
 Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory
 Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
 Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
 Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
 Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
 Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Dinitrogen Tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide)(10102-44-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No
State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Nitrogen tetroxide (10544-72-6)

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	Non-significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	

Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Nitrogen tetroxide (10544-72-6)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

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SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product

Praxair asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Praxair, Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product

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NFPA health hazard

: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

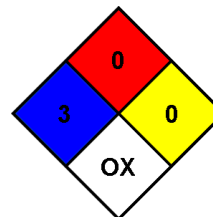
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: OX - This denotes an oxidizer, a chemical which can greatly increase the rate of combustion/fire.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.